

National Parliamentary Session on Nuclear Security Trinidad and Tobago

The Public Health Interpretation of Safe Nuclear Applications

7th July, 2023

Presented By: Dr Joy St. John
Executive Director
CARPHA



Outline

- Who we are, what we do, who we serve, Management Structure
- Introduction
- Regional presence
- CARPHA/IAEA Agreement
- CARPHA's work contributing to the IAEA Caribbean Regional Programme
 - Capacity building
 - EHSD
 - Non-communicable disease surveillance
 - VBD
 - FBD
 - CANREC Ethical approval of research



Vision

Healthy People, Healthy Spaces, Healthy Caribbean

Mission

As a professional organisation to build Member
States capacity to prevent disease and promote health
and wellness through leadership, partnership and
innovations in Public Health



- A CARICOM Institution with responsibility for Public Health, one of 3 multinational PHIs
- Merger of former 5 Regional Health Institutions
- Established by CARICOM Inter-Governmental Agreement 2nd July 2011
- Operational 1st January 2013; Headquartered in Trinidad and Tobago with campuses in St. Lucia and Jamaica
- Officially launched 2nd July 2013



An evidence base for public health decision-making and policy in the Caribbean Accurate, reliable, timely and relevant public health information to various Caribbean and international audiences

Coordinates
required response
and builds capacity
of Member States
to effectively
respond to public
health crises in the

Caribbean

What we do

alth

Monitors global agreements and developments that may impact on public health

Support to Member States to build capacity and coordinates the development of regional standards, guidelines and networks related to laboratory practice

Provides leadership in defining effective public health interventions in the Caribbean and development and adaptation of relevant models for various circumstances

Monitors and reports on measures to attain the approved objectives of the CCH

Builds strategic partnerships and mobilises resources for priority public health issues of the Region

Enhances national capacities to deliver public health goods and services to address new and emerging public health priorities in the Caribbean

and protecting health



Anguilla



Antigua and Barbuda



Aruba



Bahamas



Barbados



Belize



Bermuda



Bonaire



British Virgin Islands



CaymanIslands



Curacao



Dominica



Grenada



Guyana



Haiti



Jamaica



Montserrat



Saba



St. Eustatius



St. Kitts and Nevic



St. Lucia



Sint Maarten



Saint Vincent and The Grenadines



Suriname



Trinidad and Tobago



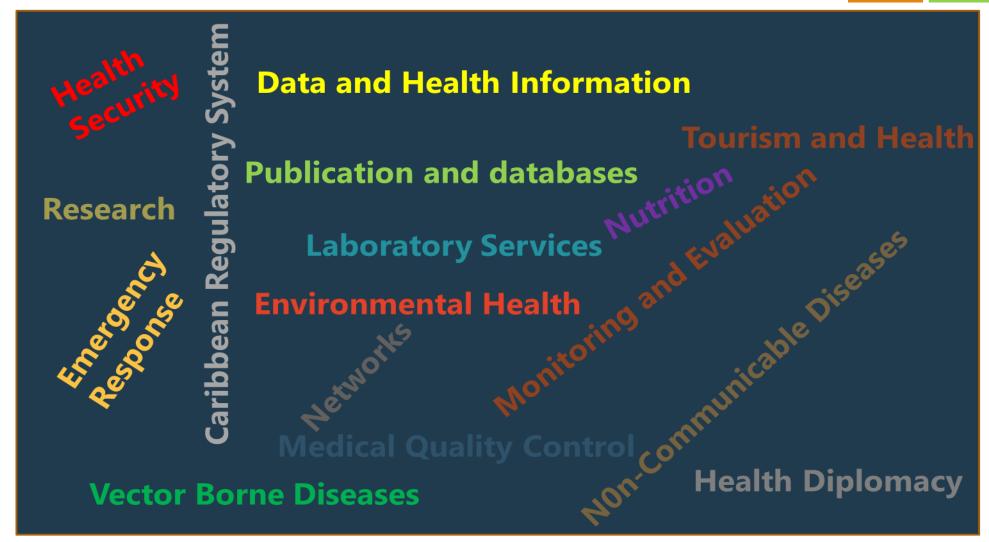
Turks and Caicos Islands



Who We Serve

Programmes/Services provided





Executive Director

















Introduction

carpha and the IAEA extended a practical agreement which came into force on 3rd February, 2020

Amended to include" capacity building for FBD detection and responses to reduce the incidence of transboundary animal diseases, including zoonosis, and to promote the safety, authenticity and traceability of foods along the food supply chain."

Duration 3 years (Expired in June 2023)





"Regional Strategic Profile for IAEA Technical Cooperation with the English-Speaking Caribbean: 2020–2026".

- Outlines regional priorities that can be addressed through the safe application of nuclear science and technology.
- Is intended to guide IAEA activities in the region and to provide a framework for collaboration among Member States and regional organisations
- Focused on six thematic areas:
 - Food Safety
 - Security and Nutrition
 - Human Health
 - Environment

- Energy
- Radiation Safety
- Radiation Technologies







Agreement - Areas of focus

Application of radiation medicine (diagnostic radiology, nuclear medicine and radiation oncology for diagnosis, treatment and management of cancer, and cancer control

Support the application of stable isotopes in the area of human nutrition

Insect pest management practices through the application of the sterile insect technology (SIT)

Environmental monitoring and to measure pollutants in air, land and oceans

Providing assistance for the implementation of the international basic safety standards for radiation protection and safety of radiation sources in support to the health regulations

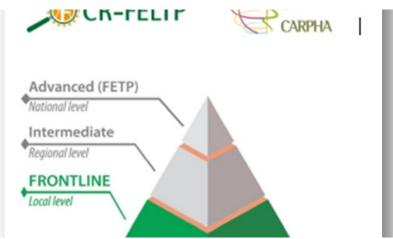
Exchange and dissemination, as appropriate, of unclassified information of mutual interest

Collaboration in capacity building activities and knowledge sharing, including the development of training materials

Participation, as appropriate, in regional and international events in thematic areas of mutual interest and coordinate outreach activities

Capacity building for FBD detection and responses







Caribbean Regional Field Epidemiology and Laboratory Training Programme (CR-FELTP)

Accredited training programme for public health professionals in the Caribbean. Currently two levels of training:
Frontline/Basic and Intermediate (4 months - 1 year training programmes)

On-the-job
training
provides skills
and tools to
respond to
problems in real
time through
surveillance,
outbreak
investigation
and emergency
response,
operational
research and
analysis.

Contributes
directly to
building core
capacities under
the IHR. Aligned
with WHO
Workforce 2030
strategy.

Collaborates
with approved
partners to
develop, roll out
and assess the
outcomes of
specialty
training courses
related to public
health priority
issues and
emergency
response.

T&T –

2017 to Present:70 graduates(Frontline and Intermediate)

Surveillance system strengthening at sentinel sites; VBD surveillance integrating GIS in the field, EPI, and on the ground support for COVID-19 response.



Vector Borne Diseases



Hosted CARPHA pre-conference hybrid webinar on 'Networking for Success Against Vector borne Diseases' which included sessions on seroprevalence studies and Insecticide Resistance.

Exploring Sterile Insect Technique (SIT) technologies as part of CariVecNet Research Agenda.

Reconnect with new Focal Points to understand progress and synergies with Sterile Insect Technique (SIT) technologies.

Environmental Health and Sustainable Development



Capacity Building

- Enhance capacity of Technical and Laboratory staff to adequately train, guide, facilitate and assist CMS
 - Provision of enhanced training and resource capacity to environmental laboratories
 - Isotopic and other techniques to study water quality, detect (measure concentrations), analyse and track water pollutants
 - Development of monitoring programs to determine the impact on the environment and health

Environmental Initiatives

INTEGRATED WATER, LAND AND ECOSYSTEMS MANAGEMENT (IWECO) PROJECT

CONSULTANCY FOR DEVELOPMENT OF A PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP TO REDUCE MARINE POLLUTION FROM PLEASURE VESSELS (YACHTS) &

FINAL REPORT











INTEGRATED WATER, LAND AND **ECOSYSTEMS MANAGEMENT (IWECO) PROJECT**

CONSULTANCY FOR DEVELOPMENT OF THE REGIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATORS COMPENDIUM IN IWECO PARTICIPATING **STATES (PSM/20069)**

Regional Environmental Indicators Compendium

The Potential Economic Impacts of Sargassum Inundations in the Caribbean, Part 1: Insights from the Literature

Peter W. Schuhmann, Jeanelle Irvine, Hazel A. Oxenford, A. Karima Degia and Julian Prato Valderrama

Sources of Microbial Contamination in the Watershed and Coastal Zone of Soufriere, St. Lucia

Marsha Serville-Tertullien 1, Kareem Charlemagne2, Newton Eristhee2, Anna Majury3, Tamanna Sultana¹, Chris D. Metcalfe¹

1) School of the Environment, Trent University, Peterborough, ON, Canada 2) Caribbean Public Health Agency, Castries, St. Lucia 3) Ontario Public Health Agency, Kingston, ON, Canada

ABSTRACT: The Soufriere region on the southwest coast of the Caribbean island of St. Lucia is an important tourist destination and supports a local fishery. There is a history of high levels of bacteria of fecal origin in the nearshore zone of Soufriere Bay. Possible sources of microbial contamination in the Bay include discharges from the Soufriere River and transport of wastewater or fecal material from various locations in the town of Soufriere. To identify the sources of

counts of total

er, the spikes in

ily coincide with

cted on the same

the Bay besides

r (i.e., caffeine,

sewage or fecal

6S rRNA genetic

study. In grab sar coliforms and E. elevated concentrat the spikes in the le dates in Soufriere discharges from tl sucralose, fluconaz material throughou Applying Hazard Risk Assessment and Spatial Planning Tools to Sargassum Inundations in the Eastern Caribbean Small Island States as a Basis for Improving Response

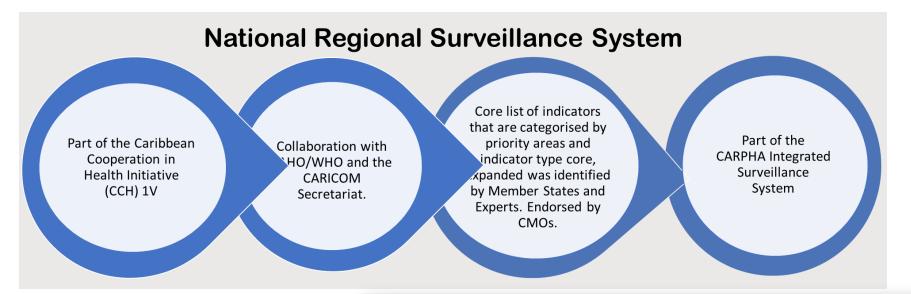
A. Karima Degial Micaela Small, and Hazel A. Oxenford

SargAdapt Project Report

March 2022

Non-Communicable Disease Surveillance



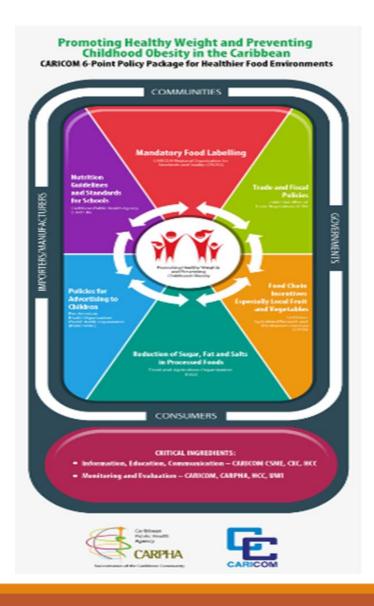


Nutrition



Nutrition security





6- Point Policy package for Healthier Food Environment

The 6-Point Policy package includes measures to address:

- 1. Food Labelling;
- Nutrition Standards and Guidelines for schools and other institutions;
- 3. Food Marketing;
- 4. Nutritional Quality of Food Supply.
- 5. Trade and Fiscal Policies; and
- 6. Food Chain Incentives;

Implemented through multiagency collaboration.

Cancer Surveillance

IARC Caribbean Cancer Registry Hub support for Cancer Surveillance assessment for the IAEA imPACT Review in Caribbean Member States

Core Hub Functions

- Support cancer control interventions
- Site visits to review practices
- Consultancy and mentorship to resolve specific issues

Stimulate research

Training Direct Support

Research Advocacy Networking

Support cancer

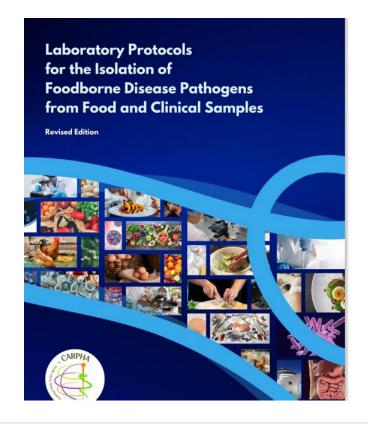
- Foster relationships between disciplines
- Provide information on upcoming activities

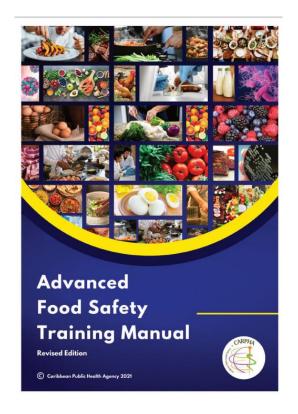
Stimulate research

control interventions

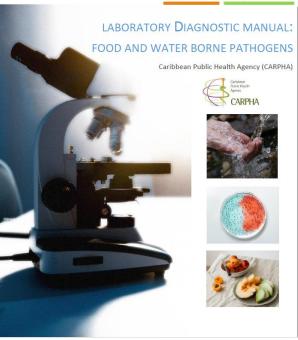


Improving cancer data quality and accessibility in the Caribbean (2016-2022) n-country site assessments: Aruba, Barbados, Bahamas, **Data Quality Assessment Report** Barbados National Registry - Cancer Caribbean Registry Manual Provision of technical support for use cancer registration software - CanReg5 Standardization of cancer registration **Data Collection and Operating** rocedures Cancer Registration raining and Basic Principles and provision of Methods, in opportunities collaboration with Provision of technical IARC and the support for data exchange registration between US and Caribbean Martinique Cancer Cancer Registries









Integrated Foodborne Diseases (FBD) Key Areas of work

- Integrated "one health " approach to FBD surveillance and outbreak investigation
- Strengthening laboratory capacity for detection of FBD pathogens from clinical food and environmental samples, including AMR
- Capacity building in food and environmental safety



Caribbean Association of Research Ethics Committees (CANREC)





Continuous learning – Important in guarding the region from undesirable research practices