Arms Trade Treaty and Biological Weapons Convention

Hon. Francisco Ashley Acedillo Representative, Magdalo Party-list House of Representatives

Status:

Philippines signed the treaty during the UN Treaty Event in the morning of 25 September 2013.

1-26 September

24-26 septembre

Philippine Position:

 The Philippines supports the thrust of the ATT to address the security, social, economic



and humanitarian consequences of the illicit and unregulated trade in conventional arms and their illicit diversion to non-state actors which pose a grave threat to global peace and security.

Philippine Position:

•Support for the ATT is consistent with the Philippines' leadership role in the Asia-Pacific region as a strong advocate for disarmament, international humanitarian law and international human rights law.

Philippine Commitment

A.Ratification of the ATT

The DFA thereafter requested on 18 September the Certificates of Concurrence (CoC) from the following agencies:



As soon as all CoCs are received, the DFA will formally endorse the ATT to the President, for submission to the Senate.

Philippine Commitment

B. Submission of National Report on Measures to implement the ATT.

The Philippines is not yet required to submit reports and while



the template has yet to be agreed ipon by the Members States. The leadline for State Parties to submit their initial reports on national implementation is on

31 May 2016.

Status:

The Philippines signed the convention on 10 April 1972.



Philippine Position:

•The Philippines is of the position that the challenge for the international community is how to raise the barriers to bioterrorism and to prevent the proliferation of biological weapons in ways that do not hamper the growth and sharing of scientific knowledge and the global spread of beneficial technologies.

Philippine Position:

 The Philippines looks forward to the successful and meaningful conclusion of the Meeting of States Parties to the Biological Weapons Convention (BWC), which will be held in Geneva, Switzerland on 14-18 December 2015.

Philippine Position:







•The Philippines will be sending a delegation from the Philippine Mission in Geneva, Armed Forces of the Philippines, Philippine National Police and the Research Institute for Tropical Medicine (RITM) of the Dept. of Health.

Philippine Commitment

A.Implementing Legislation

As a State Party to BWC, Philippines is required to have the appropriate, cohesive legislation to properly implement the Convention. What we have are a number of different R.A.s and E.O.S that deal with some related issues such as those on chemical controls, ammunitions and explosives, dangerous drugs, etc.

Philippine Commitment

A.Implementing Legislation

The major challenge in our legal and institutional framework thus lies in harmonizing, codifying, integrating, updating, and upgrading our numerous existing laws and policies as well as reviewing and strengthening the mandates of concerned government agencies.

Philippine Commitment

A.Implementing Legislation

The following are our export control imperatives of which will be needed to properly monitor dual-use goods:

- 1.An integrated national export controls program.
- 2. Central database of dual-use items.
- 3. Training of regulatory, licensing, and law enforcement agencies.
- 4. Enhanced international and regional cooperation.
- 5.Industry/private sector outreach programs to raise awareness among businesses of the importance of cooperating in these initiatives as well as to inform them that enhanced security need not curtail legitimate trade.

 The Philippines is a State Party to the BWC. To date, the Philippines has yet to enact a definitive legislation that would implement the provisions of the Convention, and that would provide for penal measures to enforce such provisions.

The Biological Weapons Convention Meeting of Experts held on 10-14 August 2015.

The Philippine statement was delivered by the Research Institute for Tropical Medicine (RITM) which touched on the following topics:

- 1. Status of domestic legislation/institutional mechanism.
- 2.Contributions of the UNICRI Center of Excellence (CoE) and other organizations/institutions in building Philippine capacities;

- 3. "One Health Approach"- the comprehensive approach of the DOH to bio-risk management involving multiple disciples and government agencies working at the national, regional and international level; and
- 4. Collaborative research and laboratory confirmation partnership between DOH-RITM and relevant international institutions.

Meeting of States Parties, 14-18 December 2015 Geneva

The Department of Foreign Affairs has invited the Research Institute for Tropical Medicine (RITM), Philippine National Police and Armed Forces of the Philippines to send their representatives to form part of the Philippine delegation.

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